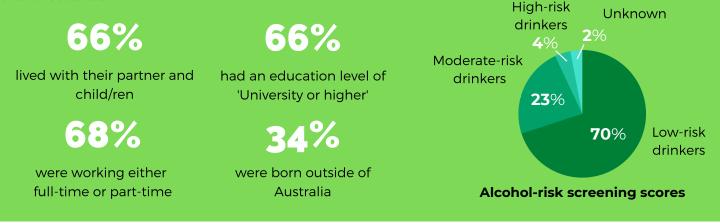
Women & Alcohol Project: Phase II

FOCUS GROUP FINDINGS

FOCUS GROUPS & COHORT

Six semi-structured focus groups were conducted between March and April of 2019 with a total of 47 women aged 35-59yrs in attendance. All women resided on the Northern Beaches of Sydney at the time of the research.



IDENTIFIED THEMES

SHORT TERM RELEASE AND TESCAPE TURNED HABIT



Short term release. Participants expressed the need for a short-term "stress release" to cope with the complexities and "pressures" of a woman's life. "There is a lot more expectation for women to have a career, (a) family" and when life's stressful you "reach for whatever the crutch is"

Escapism. Every woman has their own personal story encompassing varying adversities. To cope with these adversities, women reiterated they need an escape, alcohol being the "pain numbing" fix. **You "just go buy a bottle", "just basically to block out what was happening"**

Habitual practice. Participants saw drinking alcohol as a common habitual practice. Women believed whilst they drank for a release and an escape, it became engrained into their "schedule". "Monday to Friday. It just becomes a ritual of sort"

"GO ON HAVE ANOTHER ONE": LIVED EXPERIENCE OF JUDGEMENT AND PRESSURE TO FIT IN

Choosing not to drink. The pressure and judgement for women who choose not to drink is prevalent in social settings and leaves women feeling like "there is something wrong with" them. "*I actually get pressured into it, no I don't want a drink, ok I'll just have one*"

Drinking less than others. When choosing to only have "one or two" drinks women described being treated "differently" and not feeling "socially accepted".

"People will notice that you're sitting on one drink and comment."

Inner guilt. The difference in behaviour between those drinking versus those not drinking can make women who drink "feel uncomfortable" and reflect on their own drinking. "it's inner guilt"

NSLHD Health Promotion Service, May 2020

W: www.nshealthpromotion.com.au E: NSLHD-HealthPromotion@health.nsw.gov.au This project is approved by the NSLHD Human Research Ethics Committee: 2019/ETH11953.



Women & Alcohol Project: Phase II

FOCUS GROUP FINDINGS

"IT BRINGS US TOGETHER": CREATING AND STRENGTHENING SOCIAL CONNECTIONS



Deepens connection with partner. Drinking alcohol provided a space within which women could strengthen their relationship with their partner.

"(it's) a time to connect with my husband"

To make and keep friends. Alcohol and socialising with friends were strongly linked. For some, drinking was a strategy they consciously employed to make new friends.

"it would be very, very rare I'd say on the beaches if you went out with friends that alcohol wouldn't be involved"

Socialising as a parent. Drinking was identified as a convenient way to maintain existing friendships whilst accomodating family needs. Women also reported that alcohol featured prominently in child-specific environments.

"I don't think I've been to a kid's birthday party without alcohol"

"YOU DON'T FEEL LIKE IT'S GOING TO KILL YOU RIGHT NOW"



Living in the *now* despite concern about later.

Women overlook the negative short and long term health effects of alcohol, such as "hangovers", "weight gain" and impact on "gut health" in favour of the positive short term effects; it makes them "more bubbly, chatty and confident" in social situations.

"you don't feel like it's going to kill you right now"

Varied perceptions of health impacts. Women find it difficult to make informed decisions about drinking given their exposure to "conflicting" health messages from friends, family, media, research and medical professionals.

"red wine is good for health" but "everyone knows the link to breast cancer"



WHERE TO NEXT?

A survey of the cohort will be conducted to explore the population prevalence of these themes and behaviours



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Phase IV:

Intervention



Health Northern Sydney Local Health District